Tutorial 1

Exercise 1

What are all the possible values that can be stored in the variable x after the execution of the following parallel program?

$$x:=10; (x:=x*2; x:=x-11; x:=x+2) | x:=x-5$$

Exercise 2

Let R be a binary relation on a set A. Let us define the binary relation

$$E \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{(x, x) \mid x \in A\}.$$

It is trivially true that $R \cup E$ is a reflexive relation.

• Argue that $R \cup E$ is a reflexive closure of R.

Exercise 3

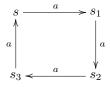
Let R be a binary relation on a set A. Let us define the binary relation

$$R^{-1} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ (y, x) \mid (x, y) \in R \}.$$

- Argue that $R \cup R^{-1}$ is a symmetric relation.
- Argue that $R \cup R^{-1}$ is a symmetric closure of R.

Exercise 4*

Let us consider the following labelled transition system.



- Define the labelled transition system as a triple $(Proc, Act, \{ \xrightarrow{a} | a \in Act \})$.
- What is the reflexive closure of the binary relation $\stackrel{a}{\longrightarrow}$? (A drawing is fine.)
- What is the symmetric closure of the binary relation $\stackrel{a}{\longrightarrow}$? (A drawing is fine.)
- What is the transitive closure of the binary relation $\stackrel{a}{\longrightarrow}$? (A drawing is fine.)

Example 5

Let us consider the following CCS definition of a coffee machine.

$$CM \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} coin.\overline{coffee}.CM$$

• Give a CCS process which describes a coffee machine that may behave like CM but may also steal the money it receives and fail at any time.

Example 6

Assume a given labelled transition system $T=(Proc,Act,\{\stackrel{a}{\longrightarrow}|\ a\in Act\})$ such that the sets Proc and Act are finite.

- Does it imply that $\stackrel{a}{\longrightarrow}$ is also a finite set? Why?
- Draw an example of an LTS with four states and two actions.
- How can your example be described by a sequential fragment of CCS (with Nil, action prefixing, nondeterminism and recursive definitions of names)?
- ullet Show that in general any finite LTS T can be described by using only a sequential fragment of CCS.