### **Playing Muller Games in a Hurry**

Joint work with John Fearnley, University of Warwick

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Robert McNaughton: *Playing Infinite Games in Finite Time.* In: *A Half-Century of Automata Theory*, World Scientific (2000).

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#### "Winning regions should be equal"

A Muller game  $(G, \mathcal{F}_0, \mathcal{F}_1)$  consists of an arena  $G = (V, V_0, V_1, E)$ and a partition  $(\mathcal{F}_0, \mathcal{F}_1)$  of  $2^V$ .

Rules:

- Players move a token through the arena ad infinitum.
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#### Example:



Winning strategy for Player 0 (circles): coming from 1 to 2 move to 3, coming from 3 to 2 move to 1.

For  $F \subseteq V$  define  $Sc_F \colon V^+ \to \mathbb{N}$ :

 $\begin{aligned} \operatorname{Sc}_F(w) &= \max\{k \mid \text{exist words } x_1, \cdots, x_k \in V^+ \text{ s.t.} \\ x_1 \cdots x_k \text{ is suffix of } w \text{ and } \operatorname{Occ}(x_i) = F \text{ for all } i \end{aligned} \end{aligned}$ 

where  $Occ(w) = \{v \in V \mid \exists j \text{ s.t. } w_j = v\}.$ 

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$$\begin{array}{c|ccc} w & a & a & b & b & a & a & b & c & a & c & a & c \\ \hline & \mathrm{Sc}_{\{a,b\}} & 0 & & & & & \end{array}$$

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W	а	а	b	b	а	а	b	С	а	b	с	а	С
$Sc_{\{a,b\}}$	0	0	1	1	2	2	3	0	0	1	0	0	0
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# Finite-time Muller Games

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### Definition

Finite-time Muller game:  $(G, \mathcal{F}_0, \mathcal{F}_1, k)$  with threshold  $k \geq 2$ .

Rules:

- Players move a token through the arena.
- Stop play w as soon as score of k is reached for the first time.
- There is a unique F such that  $Sc_F(w) = k$  (see above).
- Player *i* wins *w* iff  $F \in \mathcal{F}_i$ .

### Results

McNaughton's version: stop play when some  $Sc_F$  reaches |F|! + 1. **Theorem (McNaughton 2000)** 

The winning regions in a Muller game and in McNaughton's finite-time Muller game coincide.

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Stronger statement, which implies the theorem:

#### Lemma

On her winning region in a Muller game, Player i can prevent her opponent from ever reaching a score of 3 for every set  $F \in \mathcal{F}_{1-i}$ .

# Conclusion

### **Results:**

	Reduction	McNaughton	here
Threshold	_	F ! + 1	3
Play Length	$\leq n \cdot n! + 1$	$\leq (n!+1)^n$	$\leq 3^n$
Space	$\mathcal{O}(n!)$	$\mathcal{O}((n!+1)^n)$	$\mathcal{O}(3^n)$

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#### **Open Questions:**

- Is the finite-time Muller game with threshold 2 equivalent to the original Muller game?
- Given a winning strategy for a finite-time Muller game, can we turn it into a winning strategy for the Muller game?